6001

C16-A-AA-BM-CH-CHST-GT-AEI-MET-MNG-
TT-IT-PCT-C-CM-EC-CHPC-PET-EE-CHPP-
M-CHOT-RAC–101

6001

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)

AUGUST/SEPTEMBER—2021

FIRST YEAR (COMMON) EXAMINATION

ENGLISH

Time : 3 hours] [*Total Marks* : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer **all** questions.

(2) Each question carries **three** marks.

(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. Write at least three problems that students face while learning English.

2. Rewrite the following sentences as directed :

(a) Ask your friend to explain the topic which you missed.
(make into a request)

(b) Your neighbor invites you to attend his birthday party.
(express your inability to attend politely with a reason)

(c) Your younger brother won the first prize in district level running race. (express your feeling)

3. Rewrite the following sentences as directed :

(a) Tell your sister to respect the elders.

(convert it into an obligation)

(b) An old man is unable to carry his luggage into the bus.

(offer help in a polite way)

(c) You want to meet the doctor at 6·00 PM tomorrow.

(fix an appointment)

4. Change the voice of the following sentences :

(a) She likes sweets.

(b) Rohan will buy the book next week.

(b) They have finished the task.

5. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :

(a) I go to college everyday _____ foot.

(b) My father prefers coffee _____ tea.

(c) The train went _____ the tunnel.

6. Fill in the blanks as directed :

(a) Rahul _____ (see) a snake in the garden yesterday.

(write suitable verb form)

(b) We _____ (reach) the destination by tomorrow.

(write suitable verb form)

(c) Mango is the _____ (sweet) fruit.

(use proper form of the adjective)

7. Write sentences for the following structures :

(a) S + V + O

(b) S + V + SC

(c) S + V + IO + DO

8. Rewrite the following sentences as directed :

(a) He said, "I am going to super market".
(change into indirect speech)

(b) She said to him, "I will cook today".
(change into indirect speech)

(c) John said that he might come the following day.
(change into direct speech)

9. Fill in the blanks with right words :

(a) Ten rupees _____ (is/are) not a big amount.

(b) Suma is senior _____ (than/to) me.

(c) Vijay is suffering _____ (with/from) severe headache.

10. Frame questions for the following as directed :

(a) Rose is a beautiful flower. (frame 'yes/no' question)

(b) The bus will leave the station at 1 PM.
(frame a question with 'when')

(c) You can get this book from the library.
(frame a question with 'where')

PART—B

10×5=50

Instructions : (1) Answer **five** questions including Question No. **18** which is compulsory.

(2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

(3) Answers should be comprehensive and criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

11. Fill in the blanks with suitable words given from the list in the brackets.

(animals, biotic, organisms, terrestrial, services, aquatic, boundaries, needs, life, survive)

An ecosystem is defined as the network of interactions among the living _____(1)_____ and with the environment in which they _____(2)_____. Ecosystems have no strict _____(3)_____ or sizes ; they can range from as small as a dead tree stump to as large as an ocean. There are many examples of ecosystems—a pond, a forest and a grassland etc. An ecosystem's function is to provide goods and _____(4)_____ that fulfill human _____(5)_____ either directly or indirectly.

There are two types of components that make up an ecosystem's characteristics, they are _____(6)_____ and abiotic. Biotic components related to the _____(7)_____ which includes plants, _____(8)_____, insects,fungi and bacteria. These need energy and food for proper functional growth. Abiotic components are non-living like water, light, temperature, atmospheric gases,wind and soil.

There are _____(9)_____ ecosystems which are present in water and _____(10)_____ ecosystems which are on the land surface.

12. Write a set of instructions to withdraw money from an ATM.

13. *(a)* Frame three 'wh-questions' and two 'yes/no' questions from the following passage :

Kalpana Chawla was an American astronaut of Indian origin. She was the first Indian-American astronaut and the first Indian woman to go into space. She was born in Karnal, Haryana. She got a degree in aeronautical engineering from Punjab Engineering

College. She earned a master's degree in aerospace engineering from the university of Texas and doctorate from the University of Colorado. She always dreamt of becoming an astronaut and exploring the blue skies.

She first flew in 1997 on the Space Shuttle Columbia. She was one of the seven member crew and served on the shuttle as of mission specialist and incharge for shuttle's robotic arms. Unfortunately, the Columbia Space Shuttle broke up on re-entry into the Earth's atmosphere and killed all its members. Kalpana Chawla became a citizen of Milky way. She is the source of inspiration for all the women of the world.

(b) Correct the following sentences :

(i) One of my book was stolen.

(ii) The teacher sat among the two students.

(iii) They discussed about the incident.

(iv) I have four son-in-laws.

(v) This bunch of sticks are very strong to break.

14. Write a paragraph on covid-19 situation in the society and mention necessary precautions to control spreading of the disease.

15. Write a paragraph using the information given in the below table :

Students' interests in playing games in your branch

Year	interested in cricket		interested in hockey		Total
	boys	girls	boys	girls	
1st Year	20	15	15	10	60
2nd Year	25	10	12	6	53
3rd Year	15	18	10	3	46

16. Write a letter to the SI of police regarding thefts happening in your locality, requesting him to arrange patrolling every night.

17. Read the following passage and make notes :

There has been a continuous growth in the number of vehicles all over the world. Millions of vehicles ply the world's roads, and everyday the number goes up. In fact, the growth of these vehicles has consistently outpaced that of the human population. About half of the world's oil is consumed by a fleet of 500 million vehicles. These vehicles account for most of the energy used in the carriage of people and freight. Since 1970 the annual increase in the number of cars has averaged 4·7 percent, whereas the annual increase in the number of buses and trucks has averaged 5·1 percent. As per a rough estimate, a billion vehicles will ply the world's roads by the year 2030 if this increasing trend continues. Such a rapid growth poses many problems.

It would be very difficult to handle some of these problems, which might lead to severe oil crises in all parts of the world, particularly in developing and underdeveloped countries. In the long run, it causes oil consumption to rise faster than oil production, resulting in the squeezing of oil supplies. Indeed, the ongoing rise in oil prices appears to be putting an end to the buyer's market, which emerged in the early 1980's.

18. Read the following passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Although most of us feel like we couldn't live without our mobile phones, they've not really been in existence for very long. In fact, mobile phones as we know them today have only been around in the last 20 years. Mobile phones, particularly the smart phones that have become our inseparable companions today, are relatively new. However, the history of mobile phones goes back to 1908 when a US Patent was issued in Kentucky for a wireless telephone.

Mobile phones were invented as early as the 1940s when engineers working at AT and T developed cells for mobile phone base stations. The very first mobile phones were not really mobile phones at all. They were two-way radios that allowed people like taxi drivers and the emergency services to communicate. Instead of relying on base stations with separate cells, the first mobile phone networks involved one very powerful base station covering a much wider area. Motorola, on 3 April 1973 were first company to mass produce the first handheld mobile phone. These early mobile phones are often referred to as 0G mobile phones, or Zero Generation mobile phones. Most phones today rely on 3G or 4G mobile technology.

Questions :

(i) When did the mobile phones, we know, come into existence?

(ii) Where was first patent given to wireless telephone?

(iii) How were the first mobile phones used?

(iv) Which was the first company to mass produces mobile phones?

(v) Write a synonym for 'invent'.

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