JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

For UG – R20

B. Tech - COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING with Specialization

COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2020-2021)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA - 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

COURSE STRUCTURE

I Year – I SEMESTER

S. No	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS1101	Mathematics - I	3	0	0	3
2	BS1104	Applied Physics	3	0	0	3
3	HS1101	Communicative English	3	0	0	3
4	ES1101	Computer Engineering Workshop	1	0	4	3
5	ES1102	Programming for Problem Solving Using C	3	0	0	3
6	HS1102	English Communication skills Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1105	Applied Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1103	Programming for Problem Solving Using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
Total Credits						**19.5**

I Year – II SEMESTER

S. No	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS1202	Mathematics – II	3	0	0	3
2	BS1206	Applied Chemistry	3	0	0	3
3	ES1204	Problem Solving Using Python	3	0	0	3
4	ES1205	Basic Electrical& Electronics Engineering	3	0	0	3
5	ES1206	Digital Logic Design	3	0	0	3
6	ES1207	Problem Solving Using Python Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1207	Applied Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1208	Digital Logic Design Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC1203	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
Total Credits						**19.5**

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
MATHEMATICS-I (BS1101)					

Course Objectives

- This course will illuminate the students in the concepts of calculus.
- To enlighten the learners in the concept of differential equations and multivariable calculus.
- To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real world problems and their applications.
- utilize mean value theorems to real life problems (L3)
- solve the differential equations related to various engineering fields (L3)
- familiarize with functions of several variables which is useful in optimization (L3)
- Apply double integration techniques in evaluating areas bounded by region (L3)
- students will also learn important tools of calculus in higher dimensions. Students will become familiar with 2- dimensional and 3-dimensional coordinate systems (L5)

UNIT I: Sequences, Series and Mean value theorems: (10 hrs)

Sequences and Series: Convergences and divergence – Ratio test – Comparison tests – Integral test – Cauchy's root test – Alternate series – Leibnitz's rule.

Mean Value Theorems (without proofs): Rolle's Theorem – Lagrange's mean value theorem – Cauchy's mean value theorem – Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders.

UNIT II: Differential equations of first order and first degree: (10 hrs)

Linear differential equations – Bernoulli's equations – Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form.

Applications: Newton's Law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay – Orthogonal trajectories – Electrical circuits.

UNIT III: Linear differential equations of higher order: (10 hrs)

Non-homogeneous equations of higher order with constant coefficients – with non-homogeneous term of the type e^{ax}, sin ax, cos ax, polynomials in x^n, e^{ax} V(x) and x^nV(x) – Method of Variation of parameters.

Applications: LCR circuit, Simple Harmonic motion.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

UNIT IV: Partial differentiation: (10 hrs)

Introduction – Homogeneous function – Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobian – Functional dependence – Taylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of functions of two variables. Applications: Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables without constraints and Lagrange's method (with constraints).

UNIT V: Multiple integrals: (8 hrs)

Double and Triple integrals – Change of order of integration – Change of variables.

Applications: Finding Areas and Volumes.

Text Books:

1. **B. S. Grewal,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 43rd Edition, Khanna Publishers.
2. **B. V. Ramana,** Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.

Reference Books:

1. **Erwin Kreyszig,** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th Edition, Wiley-India.
2. **Joel Hass, Christopher Heil and Maurice D. Weir,** Thomas calculus, 14th Edition, Pearson.
3. **Lawrence Turyn,** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, CRC Press, 2013.
4. **Srimantha Pal, S C Bhunia,** Engineering Mathematics, Oxford University Press.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
APPLIED PHYSICS (BS1104)					

(For All Circuital Branches like ECE, EEE, CSE etc)

Unit-I: Wave Optics **12hrs**

Interference: Principle of superposition –Interference of light - Interference in thin films (Reflection Geometry) & applications - Colors in thin films- Newton's Rings- Determination of wavelength and refractive index.

Diffraction: Introduction - Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction - Fraunhofer diffraction due to single slit, double slit - N-slits (Qualitative) – Diffraction Grating - Dispersive power and resolving power of Grating(Qualitative).

Polarization: Introduction-Types of polarization - Polarization by reflection, refraction and Double refraction - Nicol's Prism -Half wave and Quarter wave plates.

Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- Explain the need of coherent sources and the conditions for sustained interference(L2)
- Identify engineering applications of interference(L3)
- Analyze the differences between interference and diffraction with applications(L4)
- Illustrate the concept of polarization of light and its applications(L2)
- Classify ordinary polarized light and extraordinary polarized light(L2)

Unit-II: Lasers andFiberoptics **8hrs**

Lasers: Introduction – Characteristics of laser – Spontaneous and Stimulated emissions of radiation – Einstein's coefficients – Population inversion – Lasing action - Pumping mechanisms – Ruby laser – He-Ne laser - Applications of lasers.

Fiber optics: Introduction –Principle of optical fiber- Acceptance Angle - Numerical Aperture - Classification of optical fibers based on refractive index profile and modes – Propagation of electromagnetic wave through optical fibers - Applications.

Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- Understand the basic concepts of LASER light Sources(L2)
- Apply the concepts to learn the types of lasers(L3)
- Identifies the Engineering applications of lasers(L2)
- Explain the working principle of optical fibers(L2)
- Classify optical fibers based on refractive index profile and mode of propagation(L2)
- Identify the applications of optical fibers in various fields(L2)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

Unit III: Quantum Mechanics, Free Electron Theory andBand theory 10hrs

Quantum Mechanics: Dual nature of matter – Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle – Significance and properties of wave function – Schrodinger's time independent and dependent wave equations– Particle in a one-dimensional infinite potential well.

Free Electron Theory: Classical free electron theory (Qualitative with discussion of merits and demerits) – Quantum free electron theory– Equation for electrical conductivity based on quantum free electron theory- Fermi-Dirac distribution- Density of states (3D) - Fermi energy.

Band theory of Solids: Bloch's Theorem (Qualitative) - Kronig - Penney model (Qualitative)- E vs K diagram - V vs K diagram - effective mass of electron – Classification of crystalline solids–concept of hole.

Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- Explain the concept of dual nature of matter(L2)
- Understand the significance of wave function(L2)
- Interpret the concepts of classical and quantum free electron theories(L2)
- Explain the importance of K-Pmodel
- Classify the materials based on band theory(L2)
- Apply the concept of effective mass of electron(L3)

Unit-IV: Dielectric andMagneticMaterials 8hrs

DielectricMaterials: Introduction - Dielectric polarization - Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant - Types of polarizations- Electronic (Quantitative), Ionic (Quantitative) and Orientation polarizations (Qualitative) - Lorentz internal field- Clausius- Mossotti equation-Piezoelectricity.

Magnetic Materials: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment -Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability - Origin of permanent magnetic moment - Classificationof magnetic materials: Dia, para, Ferro, antiferro & Ferri magnetic materials - Domain concept for Ferromagnetism & Domain walls (Qualitative) - Hysteresis - soft and hard magnetic materials- Eddy currents- Engineering applications.

Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- Explain the concept of dielectric constant and polarization in dielectric materials(L2)
- Summarize various types of polarization of dielectrics(L2)
- Interpret Lorentz field and Claussius- Mosotti relation indielectrics(L2)
- Classify the magnetic materials based on susceptibility and their temperature dependence (L2)
- Explain the applications of dielectric and magnetic materials(L2)
- Apply the concept of magnetism to magnetic data storage devices(L3)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

Unit – V: SemiconductorsandSuperconductors **10hrs**

Semiconductors: Introduction- Intrinsic semiconductors – Density of charge carriers – Electrical conductivity – Fermi level – extrinsic semiconductors – density of charge carriers – dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature - Drift and diffusion currents – Einstein's equation- Hall effect – Hall coefficient –Applications of Hall effect.
Superconductors: Introduction – Properties of superconductors – Meissner effect – Type I and Type II superconductors – BCS theory (Qualitative) – Josephson effects (AC and DC) – SQUIDs – High T_c superconductors – Applications ofsuperconductors.

Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- Classify the energy bands of semiconductors(L2)
- Interpret the direct and indirect band gap semiconductors(L2)
- Identify the type of semiconductor using Hall effect(L2)
- Identify applications of semiconductors in electronic devices(L2)
- Classify superconductors based on Meissner's effect(L2)
- Explain Meissner's effect, BCS theory & Josephson effect in superconductors(L2)

Text books:

1. M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book ofEngineering Physics"- S.Chand Publications, 11thEdition2019.
2. Engineering Physics" by D.K.Bhattacharya and Poonam Tandon, 1st edition, Oxford press, 2015.
3. Applied Physics by P.K.Palanisamy 3rd edition, SciTechpublications, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. Fundamentals of Physics – Halliday, Resnick and Walker,10th edition, John Wiley&Sons, 2013.
2. Engineering Physics by M.R.Srinivasan, New Age international publishers, 2009.
3. Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, " Engineering Physics", 1st edition, Pearson Education,2018.
4. Engineering Physics - Sanjay D. Jain, D. Sahasrabudhe and Girish, 1st edition, UniversityPress, 2010.
5. Semiconductor physics and devices- Basic principle – Donald A, Neamen, 3rd edition, Mc GrawHill, 2003.
6. B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, 1st edition, CengageLearning, 2013.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COMMUNICATE ENGLISH (HS1101)					

Introduction

The course is designed to train students in receptive (listening and reading) as well as productive and interactive (speaking and writing) skills by incorporating a comprehensive, coherent and integrated approach that improves the learners' ability to effectively use English language in academic/ workplace contexts. The shift is from *learning about the language* to *using the language*. On successful completion of the compulsory English language course/s in B.Tech., learners would be confident of appearing for international language qualification/proficiency tests such as IELTS, TOEFL, or BEC, besides being able to express themselves clearly in speech and competently handle the writing tasks and verbal ability component of campus placement tests. Activity based teaching-learning methods would be adopted to ensure that learners would engage in actual use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions.

Course Objectives

- Facilitate effective listening skills for better comprehension of academic lectures and English spoken by native speakers
- Focus on appropriate reading strategies for comprehension of various academic texts and authentic materials
- Help improve speaking skills through participation in activities such as role plays, discussions and structured talks/oral presentations
- Impart effective strategies for good writing and demonstrate the same in summarizing, writing well organized essays, record and report useful information
- Provide knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary and encourage their appropriate use in speech and writing

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to

- understand social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English and identify the context, topic, and pieces of specific information
- ask and answer general questions on familiar topics and introduce oneself/others
- employ suitable strategies for skimming and scanning to get the general idea of a text and locate specific information
- recognize paragraph structure and be able to match beginnings/endings/headings with paragraphs
- form sentences using proper grammatical structures and correct word forms

Unit 1:

Lesson-1: A Drawer full of happiness from "**Infotech English**", Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Deliverance by Premchand from "**The Individual Society",**Pearson Publications. (Non-detailed)

Listening: Listening to short audio texts and identifying the topic. Listening to prose, prose and conversation.
Speaking: Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests. Self introductions and introducing others.
Reading: Skimming text to get the main idea. Scanning to look for specific pieces of information.
Reading for Writing: Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; linkers, sign posts and transition signals; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.
Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20) GRE Vocabulary (20) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications) Verbal reasoning and sequencing of words.
Grammar: Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countables and uncountables; singular and plural basic sentence structures; simple question form - wh-questions; word order in sentences.
Pronunciation: Vowels, Consonants, Plural markers and their realizations

Unit 2:

Lesson-1: Nehru's letter to his daughter Indira on her birthday from "**Infotech English**", Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Bosom Friend by Hira Bansode from "**The Individual Society",** Pearson Publications.(Non-detailed)

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts, both in speaking and writing.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/ small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks. Functional English: Greetings and leave takings.**Reading**: Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Reading for Writing: Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions.

Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20 words). GRE Vocabulary Analogies (20 words) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications)

Grammar: Use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

Pronunciation: Past tense markers, word stress-di-syllabic words

Unit 3:

Lesson-1: Stephen Hawking-Positivity 'Benchmark' from "**Infotech English**", Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Shakespeare's Sister by Virginia Woolf from "**The Individual Society",** Pearson Publications.(Non-detailed**)**

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to, both in speaking and writing.

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed.Functional English:Complaining and Apologizing.

Reading: Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.Critical reading.

Reading for Writing: Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions. Letter writing-types, format and principles of letter writing.E-mail etiquette, Writing CV's.

Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20 words). GRE Vocabulary (20 words) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications) Association, sequencing of words

Grammar: Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.
Pronunciation: word stress-poly-syllabic words.

Unit 4:

Lesson-1: Liking a Tree, Unbowed: Wangari Maathai-biography from "**Infotech English**", Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Telephone Conversation-Wole Soyinka from "**The Individual Society",** Pearson Publications**.**(Non-detailed)

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video (only audio); listening to audio-visual texts.

Speaking: Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions.Functional English: Permissions, Requesting, Inviting.

Reading: Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicative process or display complicated data.
Reading for Writing: Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trends based on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables.Writing SOP, writing for media.
Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20 words) GRE Vocabulary (20 words) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications) Cloze Encounters.
Grammar: Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms
Pronunciation: Contrastive Stress

Unit 5:

Lesson-1: Stay Hungry-Stay foolish from "**Infotech English**", Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Still I Rise by Maya Angelou from "**The Individual Society",** Pearson Publications.(Non-detailed)

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and interpreting the concepts both in speaking and writing.

Speaking: Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides.Functional English: Suggesting/Opinion giving.
Reading: Reading for comprehension. RAP StrategyIntensive reading and Extensive reading techniques.
Reading for Writing: Writing academic proposals- writing research articles: format and style.
Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20 words) GRE Vocabulary (20 words) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications) Coherence, matching emotions.

Grammar: Editing short texts – identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)
Pronunciation: Stress in compound words

Prescribed text books for theory for Semester-I:
1. "**Infotech English**", Maruthi Publications. (Detailed)
2."**The Individual Society",** Pearson Publications.(Non-detailed)

Prescribed text book for Laboratory for Semesters-I & II:
1. "**Infotech English**", Maruthi Publications. (with Compact Disc)

Reference Books:

- Bailey, Stephen. *Academic writing: A handbook for international students*. Routledge, 2014.
- Chase, Becky Tarver. *Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking.* Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
- Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
- Hewings, Martin. *Cambridge Academic English (B2)*. CUP, 2012.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		1	0	4	3
COMPUTER ENGINEERING WORKSHOP (ES1101)					

Course Objectives:

- To make the students aware of the basic hardware components of a computer and installation of operating system.
- To introduce Raptor Tool for flowchart creation.
- To introduce programming through Visual Programming tool using scratch.
- To get knowledge in awareness of cyber hygiene that is protecting the personal computer from getting infected with the viruses, worms and other cyber-attacks.
- To introduce the usage of Productivity tools in crafting professional word documents, excel spreadsheets and power point presentations using open office tools.

UNIT I

Simple Computer System: Central processing unit, the further need of secondary storage, Types of memory, Hardware, Software and people. Peripheral Devices: Input, Output and storage, Data Preparation, Factors affecting input, Input devices, Output devices, Secondary devices, Communication between the CPU and Input/ Output devices.

TASK 1: PC Hardware: PC Hardware introduces the students to a personal computer and its basic peripherals, the process of assembling a personal computer, installation of system software like MS Windows, Linux and the required device drivers. In addition hardware and software level troubleshooting process, tips and tricks would be covered.

Every student should identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor. Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition.

TASK 2: Hardware Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a PC which does not boot due to improper assembly or defective peripherals. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition.

Software Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition.

UNIT II

Problem Solving and Programming: Algorithm development, Flowcharts, Looping, some programming features, Pseudo code, the one-zero game, some structured programming concepts, documents. Programming Languages: Machine Language and assembly language, high -level and low level languages, Assemblers, Compilers, and Interpreters

TASK 3: **Drawing flowcharts (Raptor Tool)**

1. Create flowcharts for take-off landing of an Aeroplane.
2. Create a flowchart to validate an email id entered by user.
3. Create flowchart to print first 50 prime numbers.

TASK 4: Productivity tool:LaTeX and Microsoft (MS) office: Importance of MS office, Details of the three tasks and features that should be covered in each, MS word, Power Point, Excel.

UNIT III

Operating systems: Introduction, Evolution of operating systems, , Command Interpreter, Popular operating systems- Microsoft DOS, Microsoft Windows, UNIX and Linux.
Introduction to Unix Shell Commands, directory management commands, file operations, users commands, Time and Date commands.

TASK 5: Operating System Installation: Every student should individually install operating system like Linux or MS windows on the personal computer. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux.
TASK 6: Basic Commands: Unix Shell Commands, directory management commands, file operations, users commands, Time and Date commands.

UNIT IV

Computer Networks: Introduction to computer Networks, Network topologies-Bus topology, star topology, Ring topology, Mesh topology, Hybrid topology, Types of Networks: Local area Network, Wide Area Networks, Metropolitan Networks, Campus/ Corporate Area Network, Personal Area Network, Network Devices- Hub, Repeater, Switch, Bridge, Router, Gateway, Network interface Card, Basic Networking Commands.

TASK 7: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp: Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate how to access the websites and email.
TASK 8: Networking Commands:

ping, ssh, ifconfig, scp, netstat, ipstat, nslookup, traceroute, telnet, host, ftp, arp, wget,route

UNIT V

Introduction to HTML : Basics in Web Design, Brief History of Internet ,World Wide Web Why create a web site ,Web Standards, HTML Documents ,Basic structure of an HTML document Creating an HTML document ,Mark up Tags ,Heading-Paragraphs ,Line Breaks ,HTML Tags.

Elements of HTML: Introduction to elements of HTML, Working with Text, Working with Lists, Tables and Frames, Working with Hyperlinks, Images and Multimedia ,Working with Forms and controls.

TASK 9: Basic HTML tags

1.Head Section and Elements of Head Section, Paragraphs, Formatting Styles.
2. Colour tags, Creating Hyperlinks, Images, Tables, lists
3. HTML Forms, Form Attributes, Form Elements.

TASK 10: Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured. Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. Usage of search engines like Google, Yahoo, ask.com and others should be demonstrated by student.



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

TASK 11: Cyber Hygiene: Students should learn about viruses on the internet and install antivirus software. Student should learn to customize the browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Computers –ReemaThareja-Oxford higher education
2. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson Education, 2017
3. PC Hardware Trouble Shooting Made Easy, TMH
4. Programming the World Wide Web, 7th Edition, Robet W Sebesta, Pearson, 2013.

Reference Books:

1) An Introduction to Web Design, Programming, 1st Edition, Paul S Wang, Sanda S Katila, Cengage Learning, 2003.
2) An Introduction to Computer studies –Noel Kalicharan-Cambridge

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
PROGRAMMING FORPROBLEM SOLVING USING C (ES1102)					

Course Objectives
The objectives of Programming for Problem Solving Using C are

1) To learn about the computer systems, computing environments, developing of a computer program and Structure of a C Program
2) To gain knowledge of the operators, selection, control statements and repetition in C
3) To learn about the design concepts of arrays, strings, enumerated structure and union types. To learn about their usage.
4) To assimilate about pointers, dynamic memory allocation and know the significance of Preprocessor.
5) To assimilate about File I/O and significance of functions

UNIT I
Introduction to Computers: Creating and running Programs, Computer Numbering System, Storing Integers, Storing Real Numbers
Introduction to the C Language: Background, C Programs, Identifiers, Types, Variable, Constants, Input/output, Programming Examples, Scope, Storage Classes and Type Qualifiers.
Structure of a C Program: Expressions Precedence and Associativity, Side Effects, Evaluating Expressions, Type Conversion Statements, Simple Programs, Command Line Arguments.

UNIT II
Bitwise Operators: Exact Size Integer Types, Logical Bitwise Operators, Shift Operators.
Selection & Making Decisions: Logical Data and Operators, Two Way Selection, Multiway Selection, More Standard Functions
Repetition: Concept of Loop, Pretest and Post-test Loops, Initialization and Updating, Event and Counter Controlled Loops, Loops in C, Other Statements Related to Looping, Looping Applications, Programming Examples

UNIT III
Arrays: Concepts, Using Array in C, Array Application, Two Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional Arrays, Programming Example – Calculate Averages
Strings: String Concepts, C String, String Input / Output Functions, Arrays of Strings, String Manipulation Functions String/ Data Conversion, A Programming Example – Morse Code **Enumerated, Structure, and Union:** The Type Definition (Type def), Enumerated Types, Structure, Unions, and Programming Application

UNIT IV
Pointers: Introduction, Pointers to pointers, Compatibility, L value and R value
Pointer Applications: Arrays, and Pointers, Pointer Arithmetic and Arrays, Memory Allocation Function, Array of Pointers, Programming Application
Processor Commands: Processor Commands

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

UNIT V

Functions: Designing, Structured Programs, Function in C, User Defined Functions, Inter-Function Communication, Standard Functions, Passing Array to Functions, Passing Pointers to Functions, Recursion
Text Input / Output: Files, Streams, Standard Library Input / Output Functions, Formatting Input / Output Functions, Character Input / Output Functions
Binary Input / Output: Text versus Binary Streams, Standard Library, Functions for Files, Converting File Type.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of the course the student will learn

1) To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems
2) To convert flowcharts/algorithms to C Programs, compile and debug programs
3) To use different operators, data types and write programs that use two-way/ multi-way selection
4) To select the best loop construct for a given problem
5) To design and implement programs to analyze the different pointer applications
6) To decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code

To apply File I/O operations

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Programming for Problem Solving, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F.Gilberg, CENGAGE
2. The C Programming Language, Brian W.Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, 2e, Pearson

REFERENCES:

1. Computer Fundamentals and Programming, Sumithabha Das, Mc Graw Hill
2. Programming in C, Ashok N. Kamthane, Amit Kamthane, Pearson
3. Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C, PradipDey, Manas Ghosh, OXFORD

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS LABORATORY (HS1102)					

TOPICS

UNIT I:

Vowels, Consonants, Pronunciation, Phonetic Transcription, Common Errors in Pronunciation,

UNIT II:

Word stress-di-syllabic words, poly-syllabic words, weak and strong forms, contrastive stress (Homographs)

UNIT III:

Stress in compound words,rhythm, intonation,accent neutralisation.

UNIT IV:

Listening to short audio texts and identifying the context and specific pieces of information toanswer a series of questions in speaking.

UNIT V:

Newspapers reading;Understanding and identifying key terms and structures useful for writing reports.

Prescribed text book: "**Infotech English**", Maruthi Publications.

References:

1. Exercises in Spoken English Part 1,2,3,4, OUP and CIEFL.
2. English Pronunciation in use- Mark Hancock, Cambridge University Press.
3. English Phonetics and Phonology-Peter Roach, Cambridge University Press.
4. English Pronunciation in use- Mark Hewings, Cambridge University Press.
5. English Pronunciation Dictionary- Daniel Jones, Cambridge University Press.
6. English Phonetics for Indian Students- P. Bala Subramanian, Mac Millan Publications.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
APPLIED PHYSIC LAB (BS1105)					

(For All Circuital Branches like CSE, ECE, EEE etc.)

(Any 10 of the following listed experiments)

List of Applied Physics Experiments

1. Determination of thickness of thin object by wedgemethod.
2. Determination of radius of curvature of a given plano convex lens by Newton'srings.
3. Determination of wavelengths of different spectral lines in mercury spectrumusing diffraction grating in normal incidence configuration.
4. Determination of dispersive power of theprism.
5. Determination of dielectric constant using charging and dischargingmethod.
6. Study the variation of B versus H by magnetizing the magnetic material (B-Hcurve).
7. Determination of numerical aperture and acceptance angle of an opticalfiber.
8. Determination of wavelength of Laser light using diffractiongrating.
9. Estimation of Planck's constant using photoelectriceffect.
10. Determination of the resistivity of semiconductor by four probemethod.
11. To determine the energy gap of a semiconductor using p-n junctiondiode.
12. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil by Stewart & Gee's Method
13. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor usingHall Effect .
14. Measurement of resistance of a semiconductor with varyingtemperature.
15. Resistivity of a Superconductor using four probe method & Meissnereffect.

References:

1. S. Balasubramanian, M.N. Srinivasan "A Text Book of Practical Physics"- S Chand Publishers,2017.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
PROGRAMMING FORPROBLEM SOLVING USING C LAB (ES1103)					

Course Objectives:

- Apply the principles of C language in problem solving.
- To design flowcharts, algorithms and knowing how to debug programs.
- To design & develop of C programs using arrays, strings pointers & functions.
- To review the file operations, preprocessor commands.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the Lab, the student

- Gains Knowledge on various concepts of a C language.
- Able to draw flowcharts and write algorithms.
- Able design and development of C problem solving skills.
- Able to design and develop modular programming skills.
- Able to trace and debug a program

Exercise 1:

1. Write a C program to print a block F using hash (#), where the F has a height of six characters and width of five and four characters.
2. Write a C program to compute the perimeter and area of a rectangle with a height of 7 inches and width of 5 inches.
3. Write a C program to display multiple variables.

Exercise 2:

1. Write a C program to calculate the distance between the two points.
2. Write a C program that accepts 4 integers p, q, r, s from the user where r and s are positive and p is even. If q is greater than r and s is greater than p and if the sum of r and s is greater than the sum of p and q print "Correct values", otherwise print "Wrong values".

Exercise 3:

1. Write a C program to convert a string to a long integer.
2. Write a program in C which is a Menu-Driven Program to compute the area of the various geometrical shape.
3. Write a C program to calculate the factorial of a given number.



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

Exercise 4:

1. Write a program in C to display the n terms of even natural number and their sum.
2. Write a program in C to display the n terms of harmonic series and their sum. 1 + 1/2 + 1/3 + 1/4 + 1/5 ... 1/n terms.
3. Write a C program to check whether a given number is an Armstrong number or not.

Exercise 5:

1. Write a program in C to print all unique elements in an array.
2. Write a program in C to separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.
3. Write a program in C to sort elements of array in ascending order.

Exercise 6:

1. Write a program in C for multiplication of two square Matrices.
2. Write a program in C to find transpose of a given matrix.

Exercise 7:

1. Write a program in C to search an element in a row wise and column wise sorted matrix.
2. Write a program in C to print individual characters of string in reverse order.

Exercise 8:

1. Write a program in C to compare two strings without using string library functions.
2. Write a program in C to copy one string to another string.

Exercise 9:

1. Write a C Program to Store Information Using Structures with Dynamically Memory Allocation
2. Write a program in C to demonstrate how to handle the pointers in the program.

Exercise 10:

1. Write a program in C to demonstrate the use of & (address of) and *(value at address) operator.
2. Write a program in C to add two numbers using pointers.

Exercise 11:

1. Write a program in C to add numbers using call by reference.
2. Write a program in C to find the largest element using Dynamic Memory Allocation.

Exercise 12:

1. Write a program in C to swap elements using call by reference.
2. Write a program in C to count the number of vowels and consonants in a string using a pointer.

Exercise 13:

1. Write a program in C to show how a function returning pointer.
2. Write a C program to find sum of n elements entered by user. To perform this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc( ) function.

Exercise 14:

1. Write a C program to find sum of n elements entered by user. To perform this program, allocate memory dynamically using calloc( ) function. Understand the difference between the above two programs
2. Write a program in C to convert decimal number to binary number using the function.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF CSE - COMPUTER SCIENCE &TECHNOLOGY

Exercise 15:

1. Write a program in C to check whether a number is a prime number or not using the function.
2. Write a program in C to get the largest element of an array using the function.

Exercise 16:

1. Write a program in C to append multiple lines at the end of a text file.
2. Write a program in C to copy a file in another name.
3. Write a program in C to remove a file from the disk.